TAB A

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## PRCALLY

1. To provide more helpful, timely and reliable facts on which to base our Setional Intelligence Setimates.

## DISCUSSIVA:

- 2. The chief criticies of our national estimates is that the facts on which conclusions are based are not revealed or if revealed are questioned. Where conclusions have had to be deduced in the absence of facts this has not always been made claur. While the dearth of factual information on the Soviet orbit is generally recognised and while insdequate collection is frequently made the whipping boy of highly speculative conclusions in estimates, collection as such is not the first place to look for a remedy though its proper role will become clear as the "problem of the symilable facts" is attacked and solved.
- 3. The problem of the Available Facts will be solved when we have seled the right questions of fact of the appropriate researchers and the answers have been authoritiested. But only will gaps be revealed which may in part be filled by additional research but also the gaps which must be filled by new collection will become more apparent. This should result in sharper and so more useful and manageable collection requests.
- 4. Now can we get the right exections asked? Piret we must choose the proper subjects for national estimates and ensure that they are sufficiently tailered to current and enticipated policy problems. While the major members of the IAC are exposed in their departments to developing policy situations and will continue to provide advice to the estimating machinery, it is expected that further guidance in this regard wil: flow from errangements which have been made with the HSC Senior Staff and the Director of the Joint Staff, JCS, to review proposed terms of reference of NIR's and offer criticies and suggestions in order to sharpen them relative to the needs of planners and policy makers. The current NIE production program should be examined periodically to be sure it is as complete and well-rounded as possible and that it provides maximum advance notice to the production offices regarding the subjects on which their support will be needed. Ferhaps a section should be added listing possible HIE's which have been proposed or might be useful to undertake but have not yet been accepted for production.
- 5. Next we must make maximum use of the terms of reference of national estimates. In addition to the cutline for the estimate as now written there should also be a precise statement of the principal "factual" questions on which the ensuers to the various sub-estimates logically depend. While the acking of the gight questions, including the detailed questions, may be a cooperative venture or decentralised to the contributing organizations, nevertheless in view of ORE's leadership role in

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the ostinating field it has the major responsibility for the success of the system. Since theother agencies are apparently not formulating the questions or asswering them with sufficient precision or dependability, the continuous continuous their performance either by elaborating their present draft terms of reference by writing and getting agreement on subsidiary "factual" terms of reference, or by making for superstancementation on particular points.

- formulating as precisely as possible the right questions for intelligence support is the only salvation from the many pressures which squesse not enough researchers" with too many deadlines. The need for clear and precise thinking at this stage has been demonstrated by the very broad generalized requirements, almost encyclopedic in nature, which have frequently been served on intelligence units. The formulation of the right questions is part of the responsibility of each Assistant Director, administrator, staff officer or analyst in any of the IAC agencies. Organizational tools to assist him are the same as those used to authoriticate the facts. (of paregraph 5)
- 7. What is involved in the authentication of facts: Those whose function is to estimate or to determine policy on the basis of estimates have a right not only to the facts behind the estimate but to the authentication of the most important facts. The authentication of facts involves (A) a clear, remouned paper by the responsible official with some showing of credibility other than his known integrity; and (b) the concurrence of those other intelligence organizations with a pertinant responsibility or competence. The critical nature of the world struggle today and the dependence of our foreign and demestic policy on intelligence, demand that our facts be able to withstand criticism. Although the military and State departments have been given the responsibility for "military" and "political" intelligence (MSCID 3), the definition of these terms and the overlapping nature of related responsibilities give a joint character to many problems even in these fields. Without sitempting to dispute the princey role of these agencies in their fields, their important facts can be emmined by others operating under the aegis of mational intelligence, current intelligence, economic or scientific intelligence, and perhaps even psychological intelligence and anternal research.
- S. How sea we set Authoritisated facts? This is the responsibility of each administrator and Assistant Director. Where the facts bridge several responsibilities joint preparation may be called for or a joint review after preparation and prior to publication. This is essentially the current practice of the Sechemic Intelligence Committee, of the JANIC, and of the Match Committee. A different set of facts might be the concern of a "Current Intelligence Committee" (primarily concerned with authorities—ting a Current Intelligence Review, quite apart from who drafted it), a "Psychological Intelligence Committee" and/or an "External Research

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Committee." While formal mechanisms come most easily to mind, the mention of them should not obscure the possibility and desirability of authenticating many of the facts through more informal or ad hoc means. Each of these areas should be examined separately with a view to determining the best arrangements for each.

- 9. What will be the effect on the research production offices? The producing offices are costimually trying to staff themselves up to meet the demands being placed on them from various important quarters. Production of SIE's has already taken a considerable portion of the efforts of the agencies sway from what they think they should be working on, from the demands of their own department (including SHAFE, FECH, etc.), and from the ALS program. While some of these requests coincide and although our questions may be more important than some other demands, the agencies may be expected to resist a further "encroachment" on their time. We should recognize that the more insistent our demands become and the more we press for coordinated, extheuticated papers, the sore we are in effect exercising a control or direction (however incomplete and polite) over the production progress of the other agencies. This is probably the right direction in which to move, but to be successful it will need to be done gradually and with finesee and we should never expect to monopolise all the emergies of the IAC agencies.
- 10. What stope should be taken to assist identification of Questions and suthentification of facts? Responsibility for those functions is so widely shared in the occurantly that it is not felt that generally lecturing the community will produce much result. On the other hand, it would be impossible to alter radically the existing responsibilities. It would probably be possible and reasonably effective, however, to adopt a middle course and attempt to supply the leadership necessary to achieve a limited and voluntary coordination of production effort. This would be a delicate and continuing job but could be undertaken by a senior staff efficer to the DD/I with the help perhaps of a couple of carefully selected people. Such a Chief of Production would be responsible for assisting the DD/I in his guidance of the substantive work of CIA and in his leadership of the IAC production community.